Title 7. Banking and Securities
Part 1. Finance Commission of Texas
Chapter 9. Rules of Procedure for
Contested Case Hearings, Appeals, and
Rulemakings

The Finance Commission of Texas (the finance commission) adopts amendments to §9.1, concerning Application, Construction, and Definitions; and §9.12, concerning Default in 7 TAC, Chapter 9, concerning Rules of Procedure for Contested Case Hearings, Appeals, and Rulemakings. The amended rules are adopted without changes to the proposed text as published in the July 5, 2024, issue of the Texas Register (49 TexReg 4863, 4864). The amended rules will not be republished.

The amendment to §9.1 clarifies the authority of the Texas Department of Banking (DOB) to employ a hearings officer by adding a reference to Texas Finance Code, §11.202 which provides the statutory authority for the DOB to employ a hearings officer to serve the finance agencies.

The amendments to §9.12 clarify the procedures used by the finance agencies to dispose of a contested case in the event of default. The finance agencies are the DOB, the Department of Savings and Mortgage Lending (SML), and the Office of Consumer Credit Commissioner (OCCC). The amendments ensure 9.12 conforms to the State Office of Administrative Hearings (SOAH) procedural default rule (1 TAC §155.501), which was updated November 20, 2020.

The finance commission received no comments regarding the proposed amendments.

The amendment to §9.1 is adopted pursuant to Texas Government Code, §2001.004(1), which requires all administrative agencies to adopt rules of practice stating the nature and requirements of all available formal and informal procedures.

The amendments are also adopted under rulemaking authority substantive statutes administered by the agencies. Texas Finance Code, §11.301, §31.003(a)(5), and 181.005(a)(5) authorize the finance commission to adopt rules necessary or reasonable to facilitate the fair hearing and adjudication of matters before the banking commissioner and the finance commission. Texas Finance Code. §152.052(a) authorizes the finance commission to adopt rules necessary to implement and clarify Chapter 152. Texas Finance Code, §154.051(b) authorizes the Department of Banking to adopt rules matters incidental to concerning enforcement and orderly administration of Chapter 154.

Texas Finance Code, §11.302 authorizes the finance commission to adopt rules applicable to state savings associations or savings banks. Texas Finance Code. §66.002(3) authorizes the finance commission to adopt procedural rules for processing, hearing, and deciding applications filed with the savings and mortgage lending commissioner or SML under Texas Finance Code, Title 3, Subtitle B. Texas Finance Code, §96.002(a)(2)

authorizes the finance commission to adopt procedural rules for processing, hearing, and deciding applications filed with the savings and mortgage lending commissioner or SML under Finance Code, Title 3, Subtitle C. Texas Finance Code, §11.306 authorizes the finance commission to adopt residential mortgage loan origination rules as provided by Texas Finance Code, Chapter 156; and, Texas Finance Code, §156.102(a) authorizes the finance commission to adopt rules to enforce such chapter. Texas Finance Code, \$157.0023 the authorizes finance adopt rules to commission to enforce Texas Finance Chapter 157. Code, §158.003(b) authorizes the finance commission to adopt rules to enforce Chapter 158. Texas Finance Code, §159.108 authorizes the finance commission to adopt rules to enforce Chapter 159. Texas Finance Code, §180.004 authorizes the commission to adopt rules to enforce Chapter 180.

Texas Finance Code, §11.304 authorizes the finance commission to adopt rules necessary for supervising the consumer credit commissioner and for ensuring compliance with Texas Finance Code, Chapter 14, and Title 4. Texas Finance Code, §393.622 authorizes the finance commission to adopt rules to enforce Chapter 393. Texas Finance Code, §394.214 authorizes the finance commission to adopt rules to enforce Chapter 394. Texas Occupations Code, §1956.0611 authorizes the finance commission to adopt rules to enforce Subchapter B, Chapter 1956.

The statutory provisions affected by the adoption are contained in Texas Finance Code: Chapters 11, 14, 152, 154, 156-159, 180, 393, 394; Title 3, Subtitles A-C; Title 4; Texas Health and Safety Code, Chapter

712; and Texas Occupations Code, Chapter 1956.

<rule>

§9.1. Application, Construction, and Definitions.

(a) This chapter governs contested case hearings conducted by an administrative law judge employed or contracted by an agency under Texas Finance Code, §11.202. All contested case hearings conducted by the State Office of Administrative Hearings (SOAH) are governed by SOAH's procedural rules found at Title 1, Chapter 155 of the Texas Administrative Code and §9.12(b) of this title (relating to Default).

(b) - (c) (No change.)

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The amendments to §9.12 are adopted pursuant to Texas Government Code, §2001.004(1), which requires all administrative agencies to adopt rules of practice stating the nature and requirements of all available formal and informal procedures.

The amendments are also adopted under specific rulemaking authority in the substantive statutes administered by the agencies. Texas Finance Code, §11.301, §31.003(a)(5), and 181.005(a)(5) authorize the finance commission to adopt rules necessary or reasonable to facilitate the fair hearing and adjudication of matters before the banking commissioner and the finance commission. **Texas** Finance Code. §152.052(a) authorizes the finance commission to adopt rules necessary to

implement and clarify Chapter 152. Texas Finance Code, §154.051(b) authorizes the Department of Banking to adopt rules concerning matters incidental to the enforcement and orderly administration of Chapter 154.

Texas Finance Code, §11.302 authorizes the finance commission to adopt rules applicable to state savings associations or banks. Texas Finance Code, savings authorizes §66.002(3) the finance commission to adopt procedural rules for processing, hearing, and deciding applications filed with the savings and mortgage lending commissioner or SML under Texas Finance Code, Title 3, Subtitle B. Texas Finance Code, §96.002(a)(2) authorizes the finance commission to adopt procedural rules for processing, hearing, and deciding applications filed with the savings and mortgage lending commissioner or SML under Finance Code, Title 3, Subtitle C. Texas Finance Code, §11.306 authorizes the finance commission to adopt residential mortgage loan origination rules as provided by Texas Finance Code, Chapter 156; and, Texas Finance Code, §156.102(a) authorizes the finance commission to adopt rules to enforce such chapter. Texas Finance Code, **§157.0023** authorizes the finance commission to adopt rules to enforce Texas Finance Code, Chapter 157. §158.003(b) authorizes finance the commission to adopt rules to enforce Chapter 158. Texas Finance Code, §159.108 authorizes the finance commission to adopt rules to enforce Chapter 159. Texas Finance Code, §180.004 authorizes the commission to adopt rules to enforce Chapter 180.

Texas Finance Code, §11.304 authorizes the finance commission to adopt rules

necessary for supervising the consumer credit commissioner and for ensuring compliance with Texas Finance Code, Chapter 14, and Title 4. Texas Finance Code, §393.622 authorizes the finance commission to adopt rules to enforce Chapter 393. Texas Finance Code, §394.214 authorizes the finance commission to adopt rules to enforce Chapter 394. Texas Occupations Code, §1956.0611 authorizes the finance commission to adopt rules to enforce Subchapter B, Chapter 1956.

The statutory provisions affected by the adoption are contained in Texas Finance Code: Chapters 11, 14, 152, 154, 156-159, 180, 393, 394; Title 3, Subtitles A-C; Title 4; Texas Health and Safety Code, Chapter 712; and Texas Occupations Code, Chapter 1956.

§9.12. Default.

- (a) (No change.)
- (b) SOAH hearings. In a hearing conducted by the State Office of Administrative Hearings (SOAH), the agency may request that the administrative law judge make a finding of default under 1 TAC §155.501 (relating to Failure to Attend Hearings and Default Proceedings).
- (1) Service of notice of hearing. A notice of hearing may be served to the party's last known address. Applicants and holders of licenses, registrations, charters, and permits shall keep the agency informed as to their correct current mailing addresses and may be served with initial process by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, to the address provided to the agency.

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- (2) Adequate proof of notice of hearing. At the time of the request, the agency must present adequate proof to the administrative law judge that the agency properly served the party with the notice of hearing, as required by 1 TAC §155.501(b).
- (3) Effect of default. If the administrative law judge receives the required showing of proof to support a default, the allegations contained in the notice of hearing may be deemed admitted, and the relief sought in the notice may be granted with respect to any party given proper notice of the hearing.
- (4) Disposing of default case. The agency may request that the administrative law judge dismiss the case from the SOAH docket and remand it to the agency for informal disposition as permitted by Texas Government Code, §2001.056 and §2001.058(d-1).
- (5) Final order after default. If the administrative law judge issues an [a conditional] order of default dismissal [and remand] that provides the defaulting party with adequate notice and opportunity to set aside the default under 1 TAC §155.501(e) and the case is remanded to the agency, [conditional order of dismissal and remand has become final,] the agency may issue a final order that:
- (A) finds that the agency served the party with a notice of hearing stating that if the party failed to attend the hearing, then the allegations contained in the notice of hearing could be deemed admitted, and the relief sought might be granted;
- (B) describes how the notice of hearing was served on the party;

- (C) finds that the party failed to attend the hearing;
- (D) finds that the allegations described in the notice are deemed admitted;
- (E) concludes that the party has defaulted as a matter of law; and
- (F) grants the relief described in the notice of hearing.